2 **HB 1924** - S AMD - 308

- 3 By Senators Rossi, Hargrove, Fairley and Roach
- 4 ADOPTED 4/17/97
- 5 On page 21, after line 31, insert the following:
- "Sec. 3. RCW 9.94A.030 and 1996 c 289 s 1 and 1996 c 275 s 5 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- 8 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 9 this section apply throughout this chapter.
- (1) "Collect," or any derivative thereof, "collect and remit," or "collect and deliver," when used with reference to the department of corrections, means that the department is responsible for monitoring and enforcing the offender's sentence with regard to the legal financial obligation, receiving payment thereof from the offender, and, consistent with current law, delivering daily the entire payment to the superior court clerk without depositing it in a departmental account.
  - (2) "Commission" means the sentencing guidelines commission.
- 18 (3) "Community corrections officer" means an employee of the 19 department who is responsible for carrying out specific duties in 20 supervision of sentenced offenders and monitoring of sentence 21 conditions.
- (4) "Community custody" means that portion of an inmate's sentence of confinement in lieu of earned early release time or imposed pursuant to RCW 9.94A.120 (6), (8), or (10) served in the community subject to controls placed on the inmate's movement and activities by the department of corrections.
- (5) "Community placement" means that period during which the offender is subject to the conditions of community custody and/or postrelease supervision, which begins either upon completion of the term of confinement (postrelease supervision) or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned early release. Community placement may consist of entirely community custody, entirely postrelease supervision, or a combination of the two.
- 34 (6) "Community service" means compulsory service, without 35 compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the 36 offender.

- (7) "Community supervision" means a period of time during which a 1 2 convicted offender is subject to crime-related prohibitions and other sentence conditions imposed by a court pursuant to this chapter or RCW 3 4 16.52.200(6) or 46.61.524. For first-time offenders, the supervision 5 may include crime-related prohibitions and other conditions imposed pursuant to RCW 9.94A.120(5). For purposes of the interstate compact 6 for out-of-state supervision of parolees and probationers, 7 8 9.95.270, community supervision is the functional equivalent of probation and should be considered the same as probation by other 9 10 states.
- 11 (8) "Confinement" means total or partial confinement as defined in 12 this section.
- (9) "Conviction" means an adjudication of guilt pursuant to Titles 14 10 or 13 RCW and includes a verdict of guilty, a finding of guilty, and 15 acceptance of a plea of guilty.
- (10) "Court-ordered legal financial obligation" means a sum of 16 17 money that is ordered by a superior court of the state of Washington for legal financial obligations which may include restitution to the 18 19 victim, statutorily imposed crime victims' compensation fees as assessed pursuant to RCW 7.68.035, court costs, county or interlocal 20 drug funds, court-appointed attorneys' fees, and costs of defense, 21 fines, and any other financial obligation that is assessed to the 22 offender as a result of a felony conviction. 23 Upon conviction for 24 vehicular assault while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or 25 any drug, RCW 46.61.522(1)(b), or vehicular homicide while under the 26 influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW 46.61.520(1)(a), 27 legal financial obligations may also include payment to a public agency of the expense of an emergency response to the incident resulting in 28 the conviction, subject to the provisions in RCW 38.52.430. 29
- 30 (11) "Crime-related prohibition" means an order of a court prohibiting conduct that directly relates to the circumstances of the crime for which the offender has been convicted, and shall not be construed to mean orders directing an offender affirmatively to participate in rehabilitative programs or to otherwise perform affirmative conduct.
- (12)(a) "Criminal history" means the list of a defendant's prior convictions, whether in this state, in federal court, or elsewhere.

  The history shall include, where known, for each conviction (i) whether the defendant has been placed on probation and the length and terms

- 1 thereof; and (ii) whether the defendant has been incarcerated and the 2 length of incarceration.
- 3 (b) "Criminal history" shall always include juvenile convictions 4 for sex offenses and serious violent offenses and shall also include a defendant's other prior convictions in juvenile court if: (i) The 5 conviction was for an offense which is a felony or a serious traffic 6 7 offense and is criminal history as defined in RCW 13.40.020(9); (ii) 8 the defendant was fifteen years of age or older at the time the offense 9 was committed; and (iii) with respect to prior juvenile class B and C felonies or serious traffic offenses, the defendant was less than 10 twenty-three years of age at the time the offense for which he or she 11 12 is being sentenced was committed.
- 13 (13) "Day fine" means a fine imposed by the sentencing judge that 14 equals the difference between the offender's net daily income and the 15 reasonable obligations that the offender has for the support of the 16 offender and any dependents.
- 17 (14) "Day reporting" means a program of enhanced supervision 18 designed to monitor the defendant's daily activities and compliance 19 with sentence conditions, and in which the defendant is required to 20 report daily to a specific location designated by the department or the 21 sentencing judge.
  - (15) "Department" means the department of corrections.

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- (16) "Determinate sentence" means a sentence that states with exactitude the number of actual years, months, or days of total confinement, of partial confinement, of community supervision, the number of actual hours or days of community service work, or dollars or terms of a legal financial obligation. The fact that an offender through "earned early release" can reduce the actual period of confinement shall not affect the classification of the sentence as a determinate sentence.
- 31 (17) "Disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of an individual remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any 32 33 amount required by law to be withheld. For the purposes of this 34 definition, "earnings" means compensation paid or payable for personal 35 services, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonuses, or otherwise, and, notwithstanding any other provision of law making the 36 37 payments exempt from garnishment, attachment, or other process to satisfy a court-ordered legal financial obligation, specifically 38 39 includes periodic payments pursuant to pension or retirement programs,

- 1 or insurance policies of any type, but does not include payments made
- 2 under Title 50 RCW, except as provided in RCW 50.40.020 and 50.40.050,
- 3 or Title 74 RCW.
- 4 (18) "Drug offense" means:
- 5 (a) Any felony violation of chapter 69.50 RCW except possession of 6 a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.401(d)) or forged prescription for a 7 controlled substance (RCW 69.50.403);
- 8 (b) Any offense defined as a felony under federal law that relates 9 to the possession, manufacture, distribution, or transportation of a 10 controlled substance; or
- 11 (c) Any out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws 12 of this state would be a felony classified as a drug offense under (a) 13 of this subsection.
- 14 (19) "Escape" means:
- 15 (a) Escape in the first degree (RCW 9A.76.110), escape in the 16 second degree (RCW 9A.76.120), willful failure to return from furlough 17 (RCW 72.66.060), willful failure to return from work release (RCW 18 72.65.070), or willful failure to be available for supervision by the 19 department while in community custody (RCW 72.09.310); or
- 20 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 21 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as an escape 22 under (a) of this subsection.
- 23 (20) "Felony traffic offense" means:
- (a) Vehicular homicide (RCW 46.61.520), vehicular assault (RCW 46.61.522), eluding a police officer (RCW 46.61.024), or felony hit-and-run injury-accident (RCW 46.52.020(4)); or
- (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a felony traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 30 (21) "Fines" means the requirement that the offender pay a specific 31 sum of money over a specific period of time to the court.
- (22)(a) "First-time offender" means any person who is convicted of 32 a felony (i) not classified as a violent offense or a sex offense under 33 this chapter, or (ii) that is not the manufacture, delivery, or 34 possession with intent to manufacture or deliver a controlled substance 35 classified in schedule I or II that is a narcotic drug, nor the 36 37 manufacture, delivery, or possession with intent to methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of its isomers as 38 39 defined in RCW 69.50.206(d)(2), nor the selling for profit of any

- 1 controlled substance or counterfeit substance classified in schedule I,
- 2 RCW 69.50.204, except leaves and flowering tops of marihuana, and
- 3 except as provided in (b) of this subsection, who previously has never
- 4 been convicted of a felony in this state, federal court, or another
- 5 state, and who has never participated in a program of deferred
- 6 prosecution for a felony offense.
- 7 (b) For purposes of (a) of this subsection, a juvenile adjudication
- 8 for an offense committed before the age of fifteen years is not a
- 9 previous felony conviction except for adjudications of sex offenses and
- 10 serious violent offenses.
- 11 (23) "Most serious offense" means any of the following felonies or
- 12 a felony attempt to commit any of the following felonies, as now
- 13 existing or hereafter amended:
- 14 (a) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or
- 15 criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a class A
- 16 felony;
- 17 (b) Assault in the second degree;
- 18 (c) Assault of a child in the second degree;
- 19 (d) Child molestation in the second degree;
- 20 (e) Controlled substance homicide;
- 21 (f) Extortion in the first degree;
- 22 (q) Incest when committed against a child under age fourteen;
- 23 (h) Indecent liberties;
- 24 (i) Kidnapping in the second degree;
- 25 (j) Leading organized crime;
- 26 (k) Manslaughter in the first degree;
- 27 (1) Manslaughter in the second degree;
- (m) Promoting prostitution in the first degree;
- 29 (n) Rape in the third degree;
- 30 (o) Robbery in the second degree;
- 31 (p) Sexual exploitation;
- 32 (q) Vehicular assault;
- 33 (r) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of
- 34 any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating
- 35 liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of
- 36 any vehicle in a reckless manner;
- 37 (s) Any other class B felony offense with a finding of sexual
- 38 motivation, as "sexual motivation" is defined under this section;

- 1 (t) Any other felony with a deadly weapon verdict under RCW 2 9.94A.125;
- 3 (u) Any felony offense in effect at any time prior to December 2, 4 1993, that is comparable to a most serious offense under this 5 subsection, or any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense 6 that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a 7 most serious offense under this subsection:
- 8 (v)(i) A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW 9 9A.88.100(1) (a), (b), and (c), chapter 260, Laws of 1975 1st ex. sess. as it existed until July 1, 1979, RCW 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (c) as 10 it existed from July 1, 1979, until June 11, 1986, and RCW 9A.44.100(1) 11 (a), (b), and (d) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988; 12 (ii) A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW 13 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988, 14 if: (A) The crime was committed against a child under the age of 15 fourteen; or (B) the relationship between the victim and perpetrator is 16 included in the definition of indecent liberties under RCW 17 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from July 1, 1988, through the effective 18 19 date of this section or RCW 9A.44.100(1) (d) or (e) as it existed from July 25, 1993, through the effective date of this section. 20
- 21 (24) "Nonviolent offense" means an offense which is not a violent 22 offense.
- (25) "Offender" means a person who has committed a felony established by state law and is eighteen years of age or older or is less than eighteen years of age but whose case has been transferred by the appropriate juvenile court to a criminal court pursuant to RCW 13.40.110. Throughout this chapter, the terms "offender" and "defendant" are used interchangeably.
- 29 (26) "Partial confinement" means confinement for no more than one 30 year in a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract by the state or any other unit of government, or, if home detention or 31 work crew has been ordered by the court, in an approved residence, for 32 a substantial portion of each day with the balance of the day spent in 33 34 the community. Partial confinement includes work release, home 35 detention, work crew, and a combination of work crew and home detention as defined in this section. 36
- 37 (27) "Persistent offender" is an offender who:
- 38 (a)(i) Has been convicted in this state of any felony considered a 39 most serious offense; and

- (ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (a) of this subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least two separate occasions, whether in this state or elsewhere, of felonies that under the laws of this state would be considered most serious offenses and would be included in the offender score under RCW 9.94A.360; provided that of the two or more previous convictions, at least one conviction must have occurred before the commission of any of the other most serious offenses for which the offender was previously convicted; or
- (b)(i) Has been convicted of (A) rape in the first degree, rape in the second degree, or indecent liberties by forcible compulsion; (B) murder in the first degree, murder in the second degree, kidnapping in the first degree, kidnapping in the second degree, assault in the first degree, assault in the second degree, or burglary in the first degree, with a finding of sexual motivation; or (C) an attempt to commit any crime listed in this subsection (27)(b)(i); and
- (ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (b)(i) of this subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least one occasion, whether in this state or elsewhere, of an offense listed in (b)(i) of this subsection.
- 20 (28) "Postrelease supervision" is that portion of an offender's 21 community placement that is not community custody.
  - (29) "Restitution" means the requirement that the offender pay a specific sum of money over a specific period of time to the court as payment of damages. The sum may include both public and private costs. The imposition of a restitution order does not preclude civil redress.
    - (30) "Serious traffic offense" means:

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- (a) Driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502), actual physical control while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504), reckless driving (RCW 46.61.500), or hit-and-run an attended vehicle (RCW 46.52.020(5)); or
- 32 (b) Any federal, out-of-state, county, or municipal conviction for 33 an offense that under the laws of this state would be classified as a 34 serious traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 35 (31) "Serious violent offense" is a subcategory of violent offense 36 and means:
- 37 (a) Murder in the first degree, homicide by abuse, murder in the 38 second degree, assault in the first degree, kidnapping in the first 39 degree, or rape in the first degree, assault of a child in the first

- 1 degree, or an attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to 2 commit one of these felonies; or
- 3 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 4 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a serious 5 violent offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 6 (32) "Sentence range" means the sentencing court's discretionary 7 range in imposing a nonappealable sentence.
- 8 (33) "Sex offense" means:
- 9 (a) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9A.44 RCW or RCW 10 9A.64.020 or 9.68A.090 or a felony that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW, a 11 criminal attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to 12 commit such crimes;
- 13 (b) A felony with a finding of sexual motivation under RCW 14 9.94A.127 or 13.40.135; or
- 15 (c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 16 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a sex 17 offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 18 (34) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which 19 the defendant committed the crime was for the purpose of his or her 20 sexual gratification.
- 21 (35) "Total confinement" means confinement inside the physical 22 boundaries of a facility or institution operated or utilized under 23 contract by the state or any other unit of government for twenty-four 24 hours a day, or pursuant to RCW 72.64.050 and 72.64.060.
- 25 (36) "Transition training" means written and verbal instructions 26 and assistance provided by the department to the offender during the 27 two weeks prior to the offender's successful completion of the work 28 ethic camp program. The transition training shall include instructions 29 in the offender's requirements and obligations during the offender's 30 period of community custody.
- 31 (37) "Victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, 32 psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as 33 a direct result of the crime charged.
  - (38) "Violent offense" means:

35 (a) Any of the following felonies, as now existing or hereafter 36 amended: Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or an 37 attempt to commit a class A felony, criminal solicitation of or 38 criminal conspiracy to commit a class A felony, manslaughter in the 39 first degree, manslaughter in the second degree, indecent liberties if committed by forcible compulsion, kidnapping in the second degree, arson in the second degree, assault in the second degree, assault of a child in the second degree, extortion in the first degree, robbery in the second degree, vehicular assault, and vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner;

(b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a violent offense in (a) of this subsection; and

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- 11 (c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 12 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a violent 13 offense under (a) or (b) of this subsection.
- 14 (39) "Work crew" means a program of partial confinement consisting 15 of civic improvement tasks for the benefit of the community of not less 16 than thirty-five hours per week that complies with RCW 9.94A.135. 17 civic improvement tasks shall have minimal negative impact on existing private industries or the labor force in the county where the service 18 19 or labor is performed. The civic improvement tasks shall not affect 20 employment opportunities for people with developmental disabilities contracted through sheltered workshops as defined in RCW 82.04.385. 21 Only those offenders sentenced to a facility operated or utilized under 22 23 contract by a county or the state are eligible to participate on a work 24 crew. Offenders sentenced for a sex offense as defined in subsection 25 (33) of this section are not eligible for the work crew program.
  - (40) "Work ethic camp" means an alternative incarceration program designed to reduce recidivism and lower the cost of corrections by requiring offenders to complete a comprehensive array of real-world job and vocational experiences, character-building work ethics training, life management skills development, substance abuse rehabilitation, counseling, literacy training, and basic adult education.
  - (41) "Work release" means a program of partial confinement available to offenders who are employed or engaged as a student in a regular course of study at school. Participation in work release shall be conditioned upon the offender attending work or school at regularly defined hours and abiding by the rules of the work release facility.
- 37 (42) "Home detention" means a program of partial confinement 38 available to offenders wherein the offender is confined in a private 39 residence subject to electronic surveillance."

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